

OpenIB Architectural Overview

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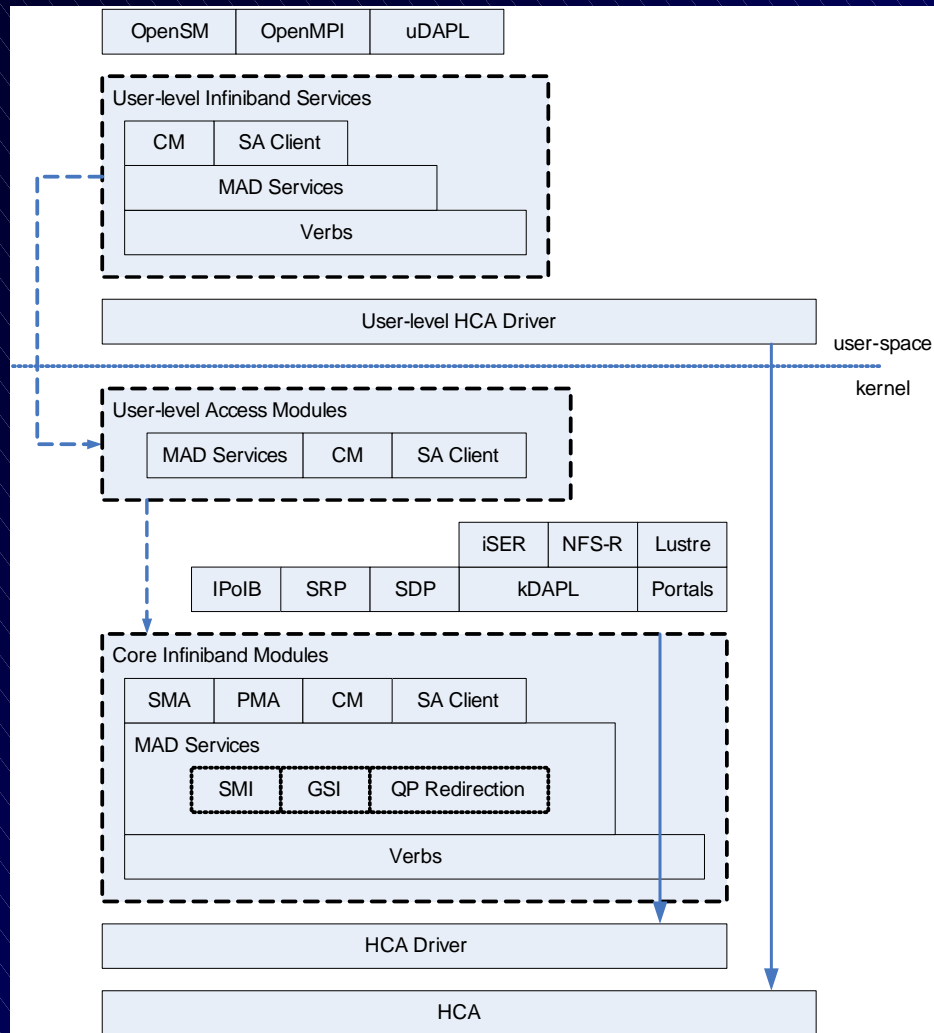
Shahar

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Context of Architectural Overview

- Focus on initial components
- What is known now
 - May change/evolve somewhat as implementation develops

Architectural Components



OpenIB

Layers/Components/Modules

- IB driver
- IB core
- IPoIB
- OpenSM
- Diagnostic tools

IB Driver

- Mthca
 - MT23108 and MT25208 HCAs
 - MT25208 in compatibility mode
- Minor features to be completed:
 - RDMA and atomic support
 - APM support
 - These features are well-understood; API already exists; small amount of new code
- Larger features can be implemented as required by applications
 - Memory windows, shared receive queues, Mellanox-style “FMRs”

IB Driver

- Userspace verbs support
 - Requires kernel driver extensions
 - Allocate/map userspace doorbell pages
 - Control path talks to kernel through a file descriptor
 - Use read/write instead of ioctl to avoid “big kernel lock”
 - automatic clean-up when file descriptor is closed

IB Driver

- Userspace verbs support (cont'd)
 - Datapath functionality in a “libmthca”
 - Fast path operations require only a function call from application (through function pointer) to hardware access function
 - No context switches required in fast path
 - Interrupt-driven operation requires kernel to wake up process; performance is limited by kernel interrupt service and scheduler latency
 - Thread safety using pthread mutexes
 - applications must use pthreads -- “raw” threading with clone() won't work

IB Driver

- Optimizations
 - Code designed from the start paying attention to expensive operations (PCI reads, locked operations and cache misses)
 - Some low-hanging fruit in reduction of locking in interrupt service and CQ polling code paths
 - Extend verbs API for multiple CQ event handlers. In conjunction with MSI-X, allows CQs to be bound to a CPU for SMP performance

Core Infiniband Modules

Overview

- Collection of kernel-mode Infiniband modules
- Expose APIs required to access specific Infiniband functionality
 - Verbs
 - MAD services
 - SMI, GSI, QP redirection
 - MAD clients
 - CM, SA client, SMA, PMA

Core Infiniband Modules

Overview

- Entry point for HCA driver registration
 - Notifies clients of device insertion/removal
 - Hardware independent

Core Infiniband Modules

Verbs

- Provide infrastructure for kernel/user communication
- Split between extensions to kernel core IB layer and a “libibverbs” in userspace
- Handle memory pinning (mostly done in userspace with `mlock()` system call)
- Pass most operations on to device-specific driver (mthca)

Core Infiniband Modules

Verbs

- Provides direct path to HCA driver
 - Shared handles with HCA driver
 - Inline speed path operations for low latency
- Reference counting for proper cleanup
- Direct access to commonly accessed resource attributes
 - QP sizes, CQ sizes

Core Infiniband Modules

MAD Services

- Access to special QPs (QP0 /QP1)
- Request/response matching
 - timeouts
- RMPP support
- Support for QP redirection
 - Is this really needed ?
- Shared CQ to reduce interrupts
- Multi-threaded completion processing
 - One thread per port
- MAD buffer cache
- Zero-copy sending or receiving MADs

Core Infiniband Modules

MAD Services

- Minimal translations between clients and HCA driver
 - Use same work request structure when posting sends
 - Use similar structure when reporting completions
- Queuing of requests to handle QP overrun and for error recovery

Core Infiniband Modules

CM

- Implements CM protocol
 - IBA 1.1 compliance
 - Connection/disconnection requests (RC, UC)
 - REQ, REP, RTU
 - DREQ, DREP
 - REJ
 - MRA
 - Service ID resolution
 - SIDR_REQ, SIDR_REP
 - Path migration
 - LAP, APR
- API and HLD on openib-general list
 - Service ID range

Core Infiniband Modules

SA Client

- Issues and tracks queries to SA
- IPoB requirements only currently supported
 - PathRecord requests
 - Manages multicast join/leave as well as group creation/deletion (MCMemberRecord)

Core Infiniband Modules

SA Client

- Other queries implemented based on ULP/application request/demand
 - ServiceRecord
 - Applications/ULPs
 - Sandia Portals
 - u/kDAPL
 - Methods
 - Set, Delete, Get
 - GetTable ?

Core Infiniband Modules

SA Client

- Other queries implemented based on ULP/application request/demand (cont'd)
 - MultiPathRecord
 - Multi HCA and port
 - RMPP required (both SA client and SA)
 - Only consumer of dual sided RMPP
 - SA optional feature
 - Not currently planned as part of current OpenSM work

User-level Access Modules

Overview

- Collection of related modules
- Support user-level clients accessing kernel-mode services
 - MAD services
 - MAD clients
 - CM, SA client
 - SMA, PMA are send only clients
 - HCA firmware performs IB agent functions

IPoIB

- Functionality
 - IPv4
 - Unicast
 - Multicast
 - DHCP ?
 - Already implemented; requires more testing
 - IPv6
 - Works; DHCPv6 not tested
 - Open Issues
 - Multicast router
 - Port bonding
 - Connected mode I-D support not currently supported
 - Nor are MIB I-Ds

OpenSM

- Vendor layer
 - Port to gen2 interfaces
 - Solicited send with timeouts
 - Use kernel RMPP ?
- Integrate gen1 changes
 - Primarily Mellanox changes
 - Mellanox Gold 1.6.1 is latest version
- Build environment (autotools)

OpenSM

- CLI (If/when needed)
 - Use standard SA queries
 - If additional functionality needed, special well defined interface for this access to be developed
 - Based on socket or pipes or similar mechanism

Diagnostic Tools

- Proposed Tools and Syntax
 - <https://www.openib.org/svn/gen2/trunk/src/userspace/diags/diagtools-proposal.txt>
- Host
 - `ibstatus`: displays basic information obtained from the local IB driver
 - `ibping`: validates connectivity between IB nodes using UD transport (or vendor MAD)
 - `ibroute`: displays the unicast or multicast forwarding table for the specified LID
 - `ibtracert`: traces the path from a source GID/LID to a destination GID/LID

Diagnostic Tools

- SMA/PMA query tools
 - smpquery: basic subset of standard SMP queries (NodeInfo, PortInfo, etc.)
 - perfquery: obtain the basic performance and error counters from the PMA at the node specified

Diagnostic Tools

Topology File

- Two alternatives
 - Gather topology from live topology and annotate (if necessary)
 - Create an expected topology from configuration and heuristics
- Planning on using first approach (live topology approach)

Topology File Syntax

```
switchguids=0x8f104003f0313
```

```
Switch 8 "S-0008f104003f0313"
```

```
# OpenIB port
```

```
0 lid 16
```

```
[5] "S-0008f104003f0314"[2]
```

```
[6] "S-0008f104003f0315"[2]
```

```
[8] "S-0008f104003f0317"[2]
```

```
[7] "S-0008f104003f0316"[2]
```

```
switchguids=0x8f104003f0314
```

```
Switch 8 "S-0008f104003f0314"
```

```
# OpenIB port
```

```
0 lid 17
```

```
[2] "S-0008f104003f0313"[5]
```

```
[3] "S-0008f104003f0312"[5]
```

```
[4] "S-0008f104003f0311"[5]
```

Topology File Syntax

```
hcaguids=0x8f10403965028
Hca    2 "H-0008f10403965028"      # OpenIB
[1]    "S-005442ba00001180"[22]   # lid 5
```

```
hcaguids=0x8f10403965014
Hca    2 "H-0008f10403965014"      # OpenIB
[1]    "S-005442ba00001180"[12]   # lid 4
```

```
hcaguids=0x8f10403965008
Hca    2 "H-0008f10403965008"      # OpenIB
[1]    "S-005442ba00001180"[8]    # lid 2 lmc 0
```

```
hcaguids=0x8f10403965010
Hca    2 "H-0008f10403965010"      # OpenIB
[1]    "S-005442ba00001180"[5]    # lid 3 lmc 0
```

Diagnostic Tools

- Network
 - ibnetdiscover: performs subnet discovery and outputs a human readable topology file
 - ibswitches: displays switches discovered in subnet from either topology file or live topology
 - Ibhosts: displays HCAs discovered in the subnet from either topology file or live topology
 - ibnetverify: scans the network to validate the connectivity and reports errors (from port counters)

Thank You